# Unit 8

1. Transfer postings and stock transfers are important functions in inventory management. Your project team asks you to explain the difference between these. While describing different options for performing transfer postings, you include which of the following? (3 correct answers)
   1. Stock-to-stock
   2. Plant-to-plant
   3. Material-to-material
   4. Consignment-to-warehouse
   5. Storage location-to-storage location

**Answer:**

1. You are performing a two-step stock transfer. After completing the goods issue, you go to the stock overview to view the inventory level for this material. Where will the material be found in the stock overview?
   1. In-transit at the sender
   2. In-transit at the receiver
   3. GR blocked stock
   4. The storage location at the sender

**Answer:**

1. You just transferred a material from Storage Location 100 to Storage Location 200 within the same plant. As a result, SAP generated which of the following?
   1. FI document
   2. MM document with one item
   3. MM document with two items
   4. CO document
   5. Quantity in material master is updated

**Answer:**

1. You are performing a two-step stock transfer from Plant 1000 to Plant 1200. As a result, SAP generated which of the following?
   1. One FI document
   2. One MM document with two items
   3. Two FI documents
   4. Two mm documents

**Answer:**

1. Stock transport orders offer several advantages over stock transfers. While discussing options with a client, you describe the following as advantages of a stock transport order.
   1. Integration with MRP
   2. Can manage transportation and freight
   3. Can receive goods into all stock types
   4. Can be done in one step
   5. Can plan for shipping and receiving
   6. Can post to consumption
   7. Can monitor transport with PO history

**Answer:**

1. What are the levels of a warehouse?
   1. Storage Type
   2. Storage Section
   3. Warehouse type
   4. Storage location

**Answer:**

1. What document represents the goods to be delivered to a single recipient in EWM?
   1. Outbound delivery
   2. Outbound delivery order
   3. EWM outbound delivery
   4. Goods issue

**Answer:**

1. What document contains the data required to trigger the delivery process in EWM?
   1. Outbound delivery
   2. Outbound delivery order
   3. EWM outbound delivery
   4. Goods issue

**Answer:**

# Unit 9

1. All manufacturing organizational elements exist in which of the following?
2. Plant
3. Client
4. Company Code
5. Storage Location

**Answer:**

1. Which of the following statements about Bill of Materials are true?
2. BOMs are used for MRP, Production and Procurement.
3. The base quantity in the BOM header specifies the component quantities used to produce the finished good.
4. A Bill of Material may contain other Bills of Material
5. A BOM consists of a BOM Header, BOM Items and Schedule Items

**Answers:**

1. Net requirements calculation uses data from which modules?
2. Human Resources
3. Warehouse Management
4. Quality Management
5. Material Management
6. Sales and Distribution

**Answers:**

1. What are the two processing keys for MRP?

**Answers:**

1. Which of the following is part of Product Cost Accounting
   1. Activity Based Costing
   2. Product Cost Planning
   3. Cost Object Controlling
   4. Actual Costing/Material Ledger

**Answers:**

1. Your company is implementing the manufacturing execution component in PP. As part of the implementation team, you need to address the master data requirements to run manufacturing execution. Which of the following will be required?
   1. Material
   2. DMS
   3. Workcenter
   4. Routing
   5. BOM

**Answer:**

1. Your company opened a new facility to be used in manufacturing. You need to create a workcenter master record for this new facility so it can be used in manufacturing execution. What information can be maintained as part of the workcenter master record?
   1. Basic data
   2. Default values
   3. Standard value key
   4. Cost
   5. Capacities
   6. Scheduling
   7. Time elements
   8. Cost center
   9. Operations

**Answer:**

1. A client has inquired about the functionality of routing master data for manufacturing execution in SAP. To help them better understand routing master data, you describe all of the following except…?
   1. Operations
   2. Operation sequences
   3. Capacities
   4. Usage
   5. Time elements
   6. Workcenters
   7. Component allocations

**Answer:**

1. You are ready to begin production and need to issue materials to the production order. Upon doing so, SAP performs which of the following actions?
   1. Plant activity account is credited
   2. Reservation is reduced
   3. Quantity and value in material master is updated
   4. Consumption account is debited
   5. CO document created
   6. FI document created

**Answer:**

1. Within a MRP net requirements calculation, which of the following are demand elements?
   1. Purchase order
   2. On hand inventory
   3. Planned independent requirements
   4. Sales order
   5. Safety stock

**Answer:**

1. The MRP views of the material master are relevant at what organizational level?

**Answer:**

1. The Accounting views of the material master are relevant at what organizational level?

**Answer:**

1. For externally procured materials MRP can produce:
   1. Planned orders
   2. Purchase requisition
   3. Purchase order
   4. Schedule lines
   5. Production order

**Answer:**

1. What does MRP product?
   1. Dependent requirements
   2. Planned independent requirements
   3. Production plan
   4. Procurement proposals

**Answer:**

1. Basic data for the Workcenter master records are maintained on which organizational level?
   1. Client
   2. Company Code
   3. Plant
   4. Storage Location

**Answer:**

1. In manufacturing execution, the availability check, checks for which of the following?
   1. Components
   2. Capacities
   3. Routings
   4. BOM’s

**Answer:**

1. In Cost object Controlling (COC), order settlement does which of the following?
   1. Credits the stock account
   2. Debits the stock account
   3. Credits the order
   4. Debits the order

**Answer:**

1. Settlement takes place at period-end closing. During period-end closing, the production orders for this period need to be settled. You notice there is a work-in-process balance at settlement. You explain this balance will result in which of the following?
   1. FI posting only
   2. CO posting only
   3. FI and CO postings
   4. No postings takes place

**Answer:**

1. What is the output of the product cost planning process?
   1. Standard price
   2. Standard cost
   3. Released price
   4. Quantity structure

**Answer:**

1. What is the standard price used for?
   1. Cost of sales in CO-PA
   2. Inventory valuation
   3. Goods movements valuation
   4. Cost object controlling

**Answer:**

1. What are the steps in updating the standard price?
   1. Estimate costs – Mark - Release
   2. Mark – Release – Estimate costs
   3. Release – Mark – Estimate costs
   4. Estimate costs – Release – Mark

**Answer:**